SECTION 5.(a) G.S. 14-269(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) This prohibition shall not apply to the following persons:
 - Officers and enlisted personnel of the armed forces of the United States when in discharge of their official duties as such and acting under orders requiring them to carry arms and weapons;
 - (2) Civil and law enforcement officers of the United States;
 - (3) Officers and soldiers of the militia and the national guard when called into actual service;
 - (4) Officers of the State, or of any county, city, or town, county, city, town, or company police agency charged with the execution of the laws of the State, when acting in the discharge of their official duties;
 - (5) Sworn law-enforcement officers, when off-duty, provided that an officer does not carry a concealed weapon while consuming alcohol or an unlawful controlled substance or while alcohol or an unlawful controlled substance remains in the officer's body."

SECTION 5.(b) G.S. 74E-6(c) reads as rewritten:

- "(c) All Company Police. Company police officers, while in the performance of their duties of employment, have the same powers as municipal and county police officers to make arrests for both felonies and misdemeanors and to charge for infractions on any of the following:
 - (1) Real property owned by or in the possession and control of their employer.
 - (2) Real property owned by or in the possession and control of a person who has contracted with the employer to provide on-site company police security personnel services for the property.
 - (3) Any other real property while in continuous and immediate pursuit of a person for an offense committed upon property described in subdivisions (1) or (2) of this subsection.

Company police officers shall have, if duly authorized by the superior officer in charge, the authority to carry concealed weapons pursuant to and in conformity with G.S. 14-269(b)(5).G.S. 14-269(b)(4) and (5)."

SECTION 5.(c) This section becomes effective October 1, 2006.

SECTION 6. G.S. 14-306.1A, as enacted by Section 4 of S.L. 2006-6, is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(f) Machines described in G.S. 14-306(b)(1) are excluded from this section."

SECTION 7.(a) G.S. 14-409.11 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-409.11. "Antique firearm" defined.

- (a) The term "antique firearm" means any of the following:
 - (1) Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system) manufactured on or before 1898.
 - (2) Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision (1) of this subsection if the replica is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition.
 - (3) Any muzzle loading rifle, muzzle loading shotgun, or muzzle loading pistol, which is designed to use black powder substitute, and which cannot use fixed ammunition.
- (b) For purposes of this section, the term "antique firearm" shall not include any weapon which: